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CIN-L51900MH1992PLCO66262

HI-KLASS TRADING AND INVESTMENT LIMITED OUTSOURCING POLICY

(Reviewed and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on August 08, 2024)

1. PREAMBLE:

M/s. Hi-Klass Trading and Investment Limited is an NBFC registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). The Company is classified as NBFC pursuant to Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-BankingFinancial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023.

This Policy shall be termed as Outsourcing Policy ('Policy') of M/s. Hi-Klass Trading and Investment Limited ('Company'). The terms in this Policy shall be considered as defined by the Reserve Bank ofIndia (RBI) in its various directions, guidelines as issued and may be issued from time to time and, or as defined herein below.

Outsourcing involves transferring a significant amount of management control and decisionmaking to a third-party service provider. Buying products from another entity is notoutsourcing or out-tasking, but merely a vendor relationship. Likewise, buying services from a service provider is not necessarily outsourcing or out-tasking. Outsourcing always involves a considerable degree of two-way information exchange, coordination and trust.

Outsourced financial services include applications processing (loan origination), documentprocessing, marketing and research, supervision of loans, data processing and back office related activities etc. Outsourcing business is often characterized by expertise not inherent to the core of the client organization.

2. OUTSOURCING:

Outsourcing may be defined as a Company's use of a third party (either an affiliated entity within a corporate group or an entity that is external to the corporate group) to perform activities on a continuing basis that would normally be undertaken by the Company itself, now or in the future. 'Continuing basis' would include agreements for a limited period. Reserve Bank of India has issued directions on Outsourcing of Financial Services by Non- Banking Financial Companies, facilitating adoption of sound and responsive risk management practices while outsourcing the activities.



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The Company may outsource the following functions within the group/conglomerate only:

- Strategic and Compliance functions, and
- decision-making functions such as determining compliance with KYC norms foropening deposit accounts, according sanction for loans (including retail loans) andmanagement of investment portfolio.

3. RBI GUIDELINES ON OUTSOURCING:

Reserve Bank India vide its Notification DNBR.PD.CC.No.090/03.10.001/2017-18dated November 09, 2017 has issued directions on Managing Risk and Code of Conduct inOutsourcing Financial Services by Non-Banking Financial Companies with a view to adoptsound and responsive risk management practices for effective oversight, due diligence andmanagement of risk arising from outsourcing activities. The Directions as aforesaid are applicable to material outsourcing arrangements asdefined in Para 11 of this Policy which may be entered into by the Company with a service provider, who may be either a member of the group/ conglomerate to which the Companybelongs or an unrelated party, located in India or elsewhere. Such arrangements would be subject to on-site/ off-site monitoring inspection/scrutiny by the RBI.

4. ACTIVITIES THAT SHOULD NOT BE OUTSOURCED:

The Company shall not outsource core management functions including Internal Audit, Strategic and Compliance functions and decision-making functions such as determining compliance with KYC norms for opening loan accounts, according sanction for loans andmanagement of investment portfolio. Subject to compliance with Para 17 of this Policy, the Company is entitled to outsource these functions in a group/ conglomerate, and while theinternal audit function itself is a management process, the internal auditors can be on contract.

5. MANAGEMENT OF RISK:

- (1) The various risks involved in Outsourcing are Strategic Risk, Reputation Risk, Compliance Risk, Operational Risk, Legal Risk, Exit Strategy Risk, Counterparty Risk, Country Risk, Contractual Risk, Access Risk, Concentration and Systemic Risk.
- (2) The Key risk to be evaluated by the Company are:-
 - 1. **Strategic Risk** Where the service provider conducts business on its ownbehalf, inconsistent with the overall strategic goals of the Company.



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- Reputation Risk Where the service provided is poor and customer Company.
- 3. **Compliance Risk** Where privacy, consumer and prudential laws are notadequately complied with by the service provider.
- Operational Risk- Arising out of technology failure, fraud, error, inadequatefinancial capacity to fulfil obligations and/ or to provide remedies.
- 5. **Legal Risk** Where the Company is subjected to fines, penalties, or punitivedamages resulting from supervisory actions, as well as private settlements due toomissions and commissions of the service provider.
- 6. **Exit Strategy Risk** Where the Company is over-reliant on one firm, the loss of relevant skills in the Company itself preventing it from bringing the activity backin-house and where Company has entered into contracts that make speedy exits prohibitively expensive.
- 7. **Counter party Risk** Where there is inappropriate underwriting or creditassessments.
- 8. **Contractual Risk** Where the Company may not have the ability to enforce the contract.
- Concentration and Systemic Risk Where the overall industry has considerable exposure to one service provider and hence the Company may lack control overthe service provider.
- Country Risk Due to the political, social or legal climate creating added risk.
- (3) The Company shall ensure sound and responsive risk management practices foreffective oversight, due diligence and management of risks arising from the outsourced activities to avoid systemic risks and financial losses or loss of reputation for the Company in the event of failure of service provider to provide a specified service, breach in security/ confidentiality, or noncompliance with legal and regulatory requirements by the service provider.

6. DISCRETION OF OUTSOURCED ACTIVITIES:

- (1) The discretion for outsourcing activities will rest with the Board or the Risk Management Committee, as applicable. Further, the senior management of the Company shall be responsible for the following:
 - 1 evaluating the risks and materiality of all existing and prospective outsourcing, based on the framework approved by the Board of Director ('Board'):



- developing and implementing sound and prudent outsourcing policies and procedures commensurate with the nature, scope and complexity of the outsourcing activity;
- 3. reviewing periodically the effectiveness of policies and procedures;
- **4.** communicating information pertaining to material outsourcing risks to the Board in a timely manner;
- 5. ensuring that contingency plans, based on realistic and probable disruptive scenarios, are in place and tested;
- **6.** ensuring that there is independent review and audit for compliance with set policies; and
- 7. undertaking periodic review of outsourcing arrangements to identify new material outsourcing risks as they arise.
- (2) No part of the outsourced activity shall be sub-contracted unless and otherwise stipulated in the contract explicitly. Any proposal by service provider to subcontract, at a later stage, shall be after accessing various risks to which the activity is exposed to and with prior written approval of the Board.
- (3) A proper cost benefit analysis of the outsourced activity should be done beforeawarding the outsourcing contract; the decision to outsource or not should be taken with due regard to the cost benefit analysis so done.

7. RESPONSILBILITY OF THE COMPANY AND ITS BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Responsibilities of the Company

- (1) The outsourcing of any activity does not diminish the obligations of the Company. Theultimate responsibility for the outsourced activity lies with the Board and Senior Management.
- (2) Outsourcing arrangements shall not affect the rights of a customer against the Company, including the ability of the customer to obtain redress as applicable under relevant laws.
- (3) In cases where the customers are required to deal with the service providers in the process of dealing with the Company, the relative product literature/brochures, etc. of the Company, must state the role of service provider in broad terms.
- (4) The Company shall ensure that the service provider shall not impede or interfere withthe Company's ability to effectively oversee and manage the



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service provider's activities. Further, the service provider shall not impede the RBI in carrying out its supervisory functions and objectives.

- (5) The Company shall put in place a robust grievance redress mechanism, which in no way shall be compromised on account of outsourcing.
- (6) The service provider, if not a group company of the Company, shall not be owned or controlled by any director of the Company or their relatives. The term directors and relatives shall have the same meaning as assigned to them in the Companies Act 2013.

Responsibilities of the Board

- (7) The Board of the Company, or a Committee of the Board to which powers have been delegated shall be responsible inter alia for the following:
 - approving a framework to evaluate the risks and materiality of all existing and prospective outsourcing and the policies that apply to such arrangements;
 - laying down appropriate approval authorities for outsourcing depending onrisks and materiality;
 - setting up suitable administrative framework for senior management for thepurpose of these directions;
 - undertaking regular review of outsourcing strategies and arrangements for their continued relevance, and safety and soundness and
 - deciding on business activities of a material nature to be outsourced andapproving such arrangements.
 - have the overall responsibility to settle the Company's approach towardsoutsourcing, especially any material outsourcing, the administrativeframework for the same, and evaluation and mitigation of any risks inherent inmaterial outsourcing.
 - review this Policy and seek reports on the implementation hereof or exceptions to the same.
 - undertake regular review of outsourcing strategies and arrangements for theircontinued relevance, safety and soundness.
 - · have the right to ratify any deviations from the Policy.

8. EXERCISING DUE-DILIGENCE:

(1) In considering or renewing an outsourcing arrangement, appropriate due diligence shall be performed to assess the capability of the service provider to comply with obligations in the outsourcing agreement. Due diligence shall take into consideration qualitative and quantitative, financial, operational and reputational factors. The Company shall consider whether the service providers' systems are



compatible with that of the Company's systems and also whether their standards of performance including in the area of customer service are acceptable to the Company. The Company shall also consider, while evaluating the capability of the service provider, issues relating to undueconcentration of outsourcing arrangements with a single service provider. Where possible, the Company shall obtain independent reviews and market feedback on the service provider to supplement its own findings.

- (2) Due diligence shall involve an evaluation of all available information about theservice provider, including but not limited to the following:
- 1. past experience and competence to implement and support the proposedactivity over the contracted period;
- 2. financial soundness and ability to service commitments even under adverseconditions;
- 3. business reputation and culture, compliance, complaints and outstanding orpotential litigation; and
- 4. security and internal control, audit coverage, reporting and monitoringbusiness continuity management and

9. <u>LEGAL OBLIGATIONS AND REGULATORY AND SUPERVISORY</u> REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) It should be ensured that the ultimate control of the outsourced activity rests with the Company. The following factors, inter alia, need to be specially looked into:
 - 1. Contingency arrangements are in place for critical supplies, services and theoutsourcing activity itself:
 - 2. Documentation of contingency plan available, if any;
 - 3. If contingency plan is not available:
 - a) identify alternative third-party service providers;
 - b) prescribe detailed arrangements; and
 - c) initiate actions and alternative approaches, should the service provider's contingency arrangements fail or be delayed or the service provider cease operations.
- (2) It will be obligatory on the part of service provider / outsourcing agent to informchange in management and the key persons monitoring the arrangements, to ensurecontinuity of operations.
- (3) Due diligence in relation to outsourcing, to consider all relevant laws, regulations, guidelines and conditions of approval, licensing or registration should be done. Outsourcing arrangements should not affect the rights of a customer against the Company, including the ability of the customer to obtain Redressal as applicable under relevant laws.
- (4) Outsourcing arrangements shall neither diminish the Company's ability to fulfill itsobligations to customers and RBI nor impede effective supervision



by RBI. The Company shall, therefore, ensure that the service provider employs the same high standard of care in performing the services as would be employed by the Company, if the activities were conducted within the Company and not outsourced.

- (5) Outsourcing, whether the service provider is located in India or abroad should notimpede or interfere with the ability of the Company to effectively oversee andmanage its activities or impede the RBI in carrying out its supervisory functions and objectives.
- (6) Grievance redressal mechanism shall be as per details specified in the GrievanceRedressal Policy of the Company, which in no way should be compromised onaccount of outsourcing.

10. AUDIT AND CONTROL:

The Internal Auditor, while undertaking regular inspection, shall evaluate the mechanismfor selection of service providers, their performance, monitoring mechanism adopted by the concerned department and give suggestions for their improvement during the audit of therespective Departments / Offices.

11. MATERIAL OUTSOURCING:

Material outsourcing arrangements are those which, if disrupted, have the potential tosignificantly impact the business operations, reputation, profitability or customer service.

Materiality of outsourcing would be based on:

- (1) the level of importance to the Company of the activity being outsourced as well asthe significance of the risk posed by the same;
- (2) the potential impact of the outsourcing on the Company on various parameters such as earnings, solvency, liquidity, funding capital and risk profile;
- (3) the likely impact on the Company's reputation and brand value, and ability to achieve its business objectives, strategy and plans, should the service provider fail to perform the service;
- (4) the cost of the outsourcing as a proportion of total operating costs of the Company: and
- (5) the aggregate exposure to that particular service provider, in cases where the Company outsources various functions to the same service provider and
- (6) the significance of activities outsourced in context of customer service and protection.

12. OUTSOURCING AGREEMENT:

The terms and conditions governing the contract between the Company and the serviceprovider shall be carefully defined in written agreements. Every such agreement shall address the risks and risk mitigation strategies. The agreement



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shall be sufficiently flexible to allow the Company to retain an appropriate level of control over the outsourcing and the right to intervene with appropriate measures to meet legal and regulatory obligations. The agreement shall also bring out the nature of legal relationship between the parties - i.e. whether agent, principal or otherwise. Some of the key provisions of the contract shall be the following:

- (1) the contract shall clearly define what activities are going to be outsourced including appropriate service and performance standards;
- (2) the Company must ensure it has the ability to access all books, records and information relevant to the outsourced activity available with the service provider;
- (3) the contract shall provide for continuous monitoring and assessment by the Company of the service provider so that any necessary corrective measure can be taken immediately;
- (4) a termination clause and minimum period to execute a termination provision, if deemednecessary, shall be included;
- (5) controls to ensure customer data confidentiality and service providers' liability in case ofbreach of security and leakage of confidential customer related information shall beincorporated;
- (6) there must be contingency plans to ensure business continuity;
- (7) the contract shall provide for the prior approval/ consent by the Company of the use of subcontractors by the service provider for all or part of an outsourced activity;
- (8) it shall provide the Company with the right to conduct audits on the service providerwhether by its internal or external auditors, or by agents appointed to act on its behalfand to obtain copies of any audit or review reports and findings made on the serviceprovider in conjunction with the services performed for the Company;
- (9) outsourcing agreements shall include clauses to allow the RBI or persons authorized by itto access the Company's documents, records of transactions, and other necessaryinformation given to, stored or processed by the service provider within a reasonabletime;
- (10) outsourcing agreement shall also include a clause to recognize the right of the RBI to
 - cause an inspection to be made of a service provider of Company and its books and
 - account by one or more of its officers or employees or other persons;
- (11) The outsourcing agreement shall also provide that confidentiality of customer'sinformation shall be maintained even after the contract expires or gets terminated andthe Company shall have necessary provisions to ensure that the service provider preserves documents as required by law and take suitable steps to ensure that its interestsare protected in this regard even post termination of the

13. CONFIDENTIALITY AND SECURITY:

services.

(1) Public confidence and customer trust in the Company is a prerequisite for the stability andreputation of the Company. Hence, the Company shall seek



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to ensure the preservation and protection of the security and confidentiality of customer information in the custody or possession of the service provider.

- (2) Access to customer information by staff of the service provider shall be on 'need to know'basis i.e., limited to those areas where the information is required in order to perform theoutsourced function.
- (3) The Company shall ensure that the service provider is able to isolate and clearly identifythe Company's customer information, documents, records and assets to protect the confidentiality of the information. In instances, where service provider acts as an outsourcing agent for multiple Companies/NBFC's, care shall be taken to build strongsafeguards so that there is no comingling of information/ documents, records and assets.
- (4) The Company shall review and monitor the security practices and control processes of theservice provider on a regular basis and require the service provider to disclose security breaches.
- (5) The Company shall immediately notify RBI in the event of any breach of security andleakage of confidential customer related information. In these eventualities, the Companywould be liable to its customers for any damages.

14. BUSINESS CONTINUITY AND MANAGEMENT OF DISASTER RECOVERY PLAN:

- (1) The Company shall require its service providers to develop and establish a robustframework for documenting, maintaining and testing business continuity and recoveryprocedures.
- (2) The Company shall also ensure that the service provider periodically tests the BusinessContinuity and Recovery Plan and may also consider occasional joint testing and recoveryexercises with its service provider.
- (3) In order to mitigate the risk of unexpected termination of the outsourcing agreement orliquidation of the service provider, the Company shall retain an appropriate level of controlover their outsourcing and the right to intervene with appropriate measures to continue its business operations in such cases without incurring prohibitive expenses and without anybreak in the operations of the Company and its services to the customers.
- (4) The Company shall ensure that service providers are able to isolate the Company'sinformation, documents and records, and other assets. This is to ensure that in appropriatesituations, all documents, records of transactions and information given to the serviceprovider, and assets of the NBFC, can be removed from the possession of the serviceprovider in order to continue its business operations, or deleted, destroyed or renderedunusable.

15. OFF-SHORE OUTSOURCING OF FINANCIAL SERVICES:

The engagement of service providers in a foreign country exposes the Company to countryrisk-economic, social and political conditions and events in a foreign country that mayadversely affect the Company. To manage the country risk involved in such outsourcingactivities, the Company shall take into account and closely monitor government policies and political, social, economic and legal conditions in countries where the service provider based, both during the risk assessment process and on a continuous basis, and establishsound procedures for dealing with country risk problems. This includes having appropriate contingency



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and exit strategies. In principle, arrangements shall only be entered into withparties operating in jurisdictions generally upholding confidentiality clauses and

agreements. The governing law of the arrangement shall also be clearly specified.

Following shall be kept in mind while entering into outsourcing agreements with an offshore entity:

- (1) The activities outsourced outside India shall be conducted in a manner so as not tohinder efforts to supervise or reconstruct the activities of the Company carried out inIndia in a timely manner.
- (2) As regards the offshore outsourcing of financial services relating to Indian Operations, the Company shall additionally ensure that:
- (3) Where the offshore service provider is a regulated entity, the relevant offshore regulator will neither obstruct the arrangement nor object to RBI inspection visits/visits of Company's internal and external auditors.
- (4) The availability of records to management and the RBI will withstand the liquidation of either the offshore custodian or the Company in India.
- (5) The regulatory authority of the offshore location does not have access to the datarelating to Indian operations of the Company simply on the ground that the processing is being undertaken there (not applicable if offshore processing is done inthe home country of the Company).
- (6) The jurisdiction of the courts in the offshore location where data is maintained doesnot extend to the operations of the Company in India on the strength of the fact thatthe data is being processed there even though the actual transactions are undertakenin India.
- (7) All original records shall continue to be maintained in India.

16. MONITORING AND CONTROL OF OUTSOURCED ACTIVITIES:

- (1) The Company shall have in place a management structure to monitor and control itsoutsourcing activities. It shall ensure that outsourcing agreements with the serviceprovider contain provisions to address their monitoring and control of outsourcedactivities.
- (2) A central record of all material outsourcing that is readily accessible for review by the Board and senior management of the Company shall be maintained. The records shall be updated promptly, and half yearly reviews shall be placed before the Board or Risk Management Committee, as applicable.
- (3) Regular audits by either the internal auditors or external auditors of the Company shallassess the adequacy of the risk management practices adopted in overseeing andmanaging the outsourcing arrangement, the Company's compliance



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with its riskmanagement framework and the requirements of this Policy and relevant Directionsissued by the RBI in this regard.

- (4) The Company shall review the financial and operational condition, periodically, of theservice provider to assess its ability to continue to meet its outsourcing obligations. Such due diligence reviews, which can be based on all available information about theservice provider shall highlight any deterioration or breach in performance standards, confidentiality and security, and in business continuity preparedness.
- (5) In the event of termination of the outsourcing agreement for any reason in cases wherethe service provider deals with the customers, the same shall be publicized by displayingat a prominent place in the office and branches, if any of the Company, posting it onthe web-site, and informing the customers so as to ensure that the customers do not continue to deal with the service provider.
- (6) A robust system of internal audit of all outsourced activities shall also be put in placeand monitored by the Board or the Audit Committee, as applicable, of the Company.
- (7) In case the cash management function of the Company is outsourced, the Company shallensure that reconciliation of transactions between the Company and the service provider(and/ or its sub-contractor), are carried out in a timely manner. An ageing analysis ofentries pending reconciliation with outsourced vendors shall be placed before the Board orthe Audit Committee, as applicable and the Company shall make efforts to reduce the oldoutstanding items therein at the earliest.

17. REDRESSAL OF GRIEVANCES RELATED TO OUTSOURCED ACTIVITIES:

- (1) The Company has constituted a Grievance Redressal Mechanism and name and contact number of designated Grievance Redressal Officer (GRO) of the Company is made known and widely publicized by displaying the same prominently at places wherebusiness of the Company is transacted. The designated GRO should ensure that genuinegrievances of customers are redressed promptly without involving delay and will also dealwith the issues relating to services provided by the outsourced agency.
- (2) Time limit of 30 (thirty) days may be given to the customers for preferring their complaints/ grievances. The grievance redressal procedure of the Company and the timeframe fixed for responding to the complaints are well defined in the Company's GrievanceRedressal Policy and the same shall be placed on the website of the Company.
- (3) The grievance redressal procedure shall clearly indicate that the Company's GrievanceRedressal Mechanism will also deal with the issue relating to services provided by theoutsourced agency.



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18. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS:

The Company would be responsible for making Suspicious Transactions Reports to FIU or anyother competent authority in respect of the Company's customer related activities carried out by theservice providers.

19. OUTSOURCING WITHIN THE GROUP / CONGLOMERATE:

- (1) In a group structure, the Company may have back-office and service arrangements/agreements with group entities e.g. sharing of premises, legal and otherprofessional services, hardware and software applications, centralize back-officefunctions, outsourcing certain financial services to other group entities, etc. Any servicelevel agreements/ arrangements to be executed between the Company and the groupentities, shall be guided within the terms and conditions mentioned in this Policy withprecise demarcation of sharing resources, i.e., premises, personnel, etc., subject to priorapprovals as per the Companies Act, 2013 (including any enactments/ amendmentsthereof) required to enter into such related party agreements/ arrangements. Moreover, the customers shall be informed specifically about the Company which is actually offering the product/ service, wherever there are multiple group entities involved or anycross selling observed.
- (2) While entering into such arrangements, Company shall ensure that these:
- a) are appropriately documented in written agreements with details like scope of services, charges for the services and maintaining confidentiality of the customer's data;
- b) do not lead to any confusion to the customers on whose products/ services they are availing by clear physical demarcation of the space where the activities of the Company and those of its other group entities are undertaken;
- c) do not compromise the ability to identify and manage risk of the Company on a stand-alone basis;
- d) do not prevent the RBI from being able to obtain information required for the supervision of the Company or pertaining to the group as a whole; and
- e) incorporate a clause under the written agreements that there is a clear obligation for any service provider to comply with directions given by the RBI in relation to the activities of the Company.
- (3) The Company shall ensure that their ability to carry out their operations in a soundfashion would not be affected if premises or other services (such as IT systems, supportstaff) provided by the group entities become unavailable.
- (4) If the premises of the Company are shared with the group entities for the purpose ofcross-selling, Company shall take measures to ensure that the entity's identification is distinctly visible and clear to the customers. The marketing



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brochure used by the groupentity and verbal communication by its staff / agent in the Company premises shallmention nature of arrangement of the entity with the Company so that the customers are clear on the seller of the product.

- (5) The Company shall not publish any advertisement or enter into any agreement stating or suggesting or giving tacit impression that they are in any way responsible for the obligations of its group entities.
- (6) The risk management practices expected to be adopted by the Company while outsourcing to a related party (i.e. party within the Group / Conglomerate) would be identical to those specified in this Policy and directions as may be issued by Reserve Bankof India from time to time.

20. GENERAL

This Policy will be reviewed periodically, based on the emerging environment.

